



### **Inter-Continental Policing?**

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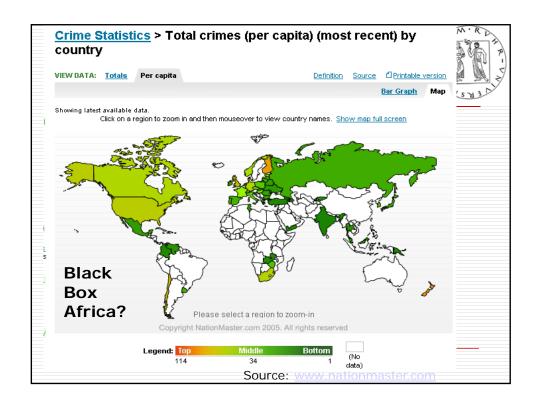


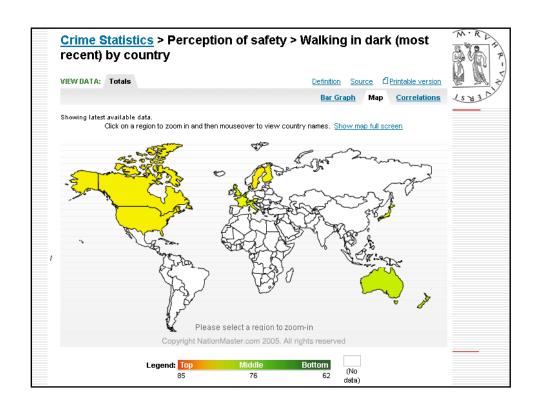


## Intercontinental Policing and Intercontinental Cops?



- Improving technology, communications and travel mean that the world gets closer.
- The global crime scene also gets better connected making it easier for criminals to conduct their activities internationally.
- Police needs to cooperate to fight crime.
- But how?





#### Example 1: Fraud and Corruption

- Investigators from Lagos and London have linked up to combat corruption and fraud in Nigeria and the UK.
- Famous crime (worldwide fraud): involves sending emails to potential victims and sucking them into a highly attractive - but utterly false - financial deals.
- Money meant to improve the infrastructure for ordinary Nigerians is finding its way into the personal bank accounts.

#### **Example 2: Stolen vehicles**



- Police cooperate with other agencies including customs and Revenue, insurers and manufacturers, as well as police forces abroad, to counter the international flow of stolen vehicles.
- millions of stolen vehicles are shipped each year around the world to start new lives for example as taxis in North Africa or status symbols in Eastern Europe.
- cars broken down for spare parts ready for resale on the second-hand market abroad

## Example



Comparative Research on car theft and fear of crime, including Germany, Poland, US, Brazil, South Africa, China, Spain, UK + other countries

The Result: Security Scorecards for every country

Crimes

Prognosis

Fear of Crime

Security-Scorecard®
for Germany

## Example 3: Organized Crime (OC)



- Problem: the concept of 'organized crime' itself
- Neither in criminological nor criminal law perspective a commonly fully accepted definition or concept of 'OC' exists
- Effect: terminology describing OC in different fields is often ambiguous
- OC is prevalent in all States and increasingly international in its composition.

### "Organized Crime" Crimes



- Crimes as referred to in 70 main reports, listed in alphabetical order:
- Arms trafficking
- Cybercrimes
- Drug trafficking
- Economic crimes
- Environmental crimes
- Goods trafficking
- Human trafficking, and
- Related crimes

### What's missing?

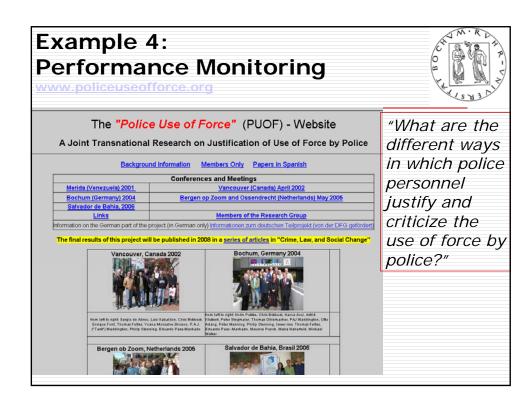


- Jean Ziegler (United Nations Special Rapporteur on the Right to Food from 2000 to April 2008):
- "predatory capitalism"
- "crimes committed in the name of global finance and capitalism", esp. in Africa

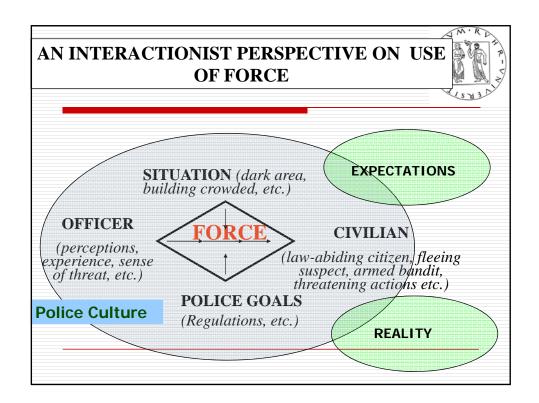
#### Causes?



- Main reasons of crime?
  - Poverty (esp. gap between rich and poor)
  - Missing social cohesion in societies (reasons?)







#### Situationally Justified Force



- Police work becomes comprehensible in specific situations – when it is used to resolve particular problems
- Monopoly on a general right to use coercive force
- The emotional content of force police cannot act emotionlessly to enforce the law
- Reasserting Control
- The Seductive Quality of Force
- The Metaphor of War

### "hunting instinct" / wounded vanity

- "Of course we have to admit, (..) that strong dynamics (...) will emerge. (...) Not only in oneself, but also in the colleagues. Yeah, I tell you, all hell breaks loose on the radio (...) Everyone gets a bit of hunting-fever and all this mounts up. This can create a really wild situation. And I can absolutely imagine that ideas rise like 'We are going to stop him!'
- "I think this ramming thing is a stupid idea of every police officer. Everybody sees it in every cracked TV series, whatsoever: ...,' they are all ramming something off the road and everybody wants to ram a car".

### **Example 5: Terrorism**



The war(s) against....

## Terrorism: Local Conflics in a Global Jihad?



- London (July 2005)
- Madrid (March 2004)
- Germany (July 2006)
- Islamist radicalisation process towards terrorism, caused by ???









## Example 6: International Cooperation in Police Education



- Online-Seminar: Policing Around the World (see next slide)
- PhD-Net Police Science between Cape Town Univ. and Ruhr-Univ. Bochum
- MA-Program in Criminology and Police Science (distance learning) in Bochum



# Finally: What hampers Intercontinental Policing?



- language
- training and education
- (national) hierarchy
- (international) bureaucracy
- national ego(ism) and local police ego(ism)
- fear of corruption
- infiltration by representatives of OC in national forces

